

Avoiding Malfunctions Due To Software Failures by Automation of Software Production and Test

Pannen wegen Software-Fehlern vermeiden durch Automatisierung von Software-Produktion und Test

ESA Colloquium

„Technology Exchange between Space and Automotive Industry“

ESOC, Darmstadt, Germany 15.10.2002

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Facts and Issues

- **Wirtschaftswoche summer / autumn 2002**
 - increasing number of malfunctions in high-tech vehicles
 - major part by software malfunctions

- **VDI-Nachrichten September 2002**
 - Charles Simonyi, co-founder of Microsoft
„today we can design and control production of jumbo-jets, but programming still remains a handcrafted task“

- **Trend in automotive industry: more software**
 - e.g. 11. Aachener Kolloqium „Fahrzeug- und Motorentchnik“
 - high quality software becomes a big challenge

Looking on Car Mass Production

- well-defined production process
 - high productivity
 - high quality
 - pre-condition for quality assurance
 - saving company know-how
 - continuous process improvement

- automated software production becomes "the" issue
 - scalable approach needed to cover a broad range

BSSE's Automation Approach ASaP

■ History

- 1992 ESA project on performance and FDIR validation (HRDMS)
FDIR = Fault Identification and Recovery
- 1993 ESA project on behavioural validation (OMBSIM)
- 1995 ESA project on system fault tolerance (DDV)
- 1996 BSSE project on ATC protocol validation (OPAL)
- 1997 BSSE project on distributed fault-tolerant system (CADIS)
turn-key system
- 1998 BSSE project on distributed critical control system (CRISYS)

■ ASaP milestones

- 1999 first version of fully automated environment (MSL / ISS)
- 2000 final delivery of automatically generated software package

ASaP Improvements

■ State-Of-The-Art

- Productivity: 1 man-hour 0.1 .. 10 LOC
- Bug Rate
 - typical: 10^{-2} / LOC
 - very good: 10^{-3} / LOC

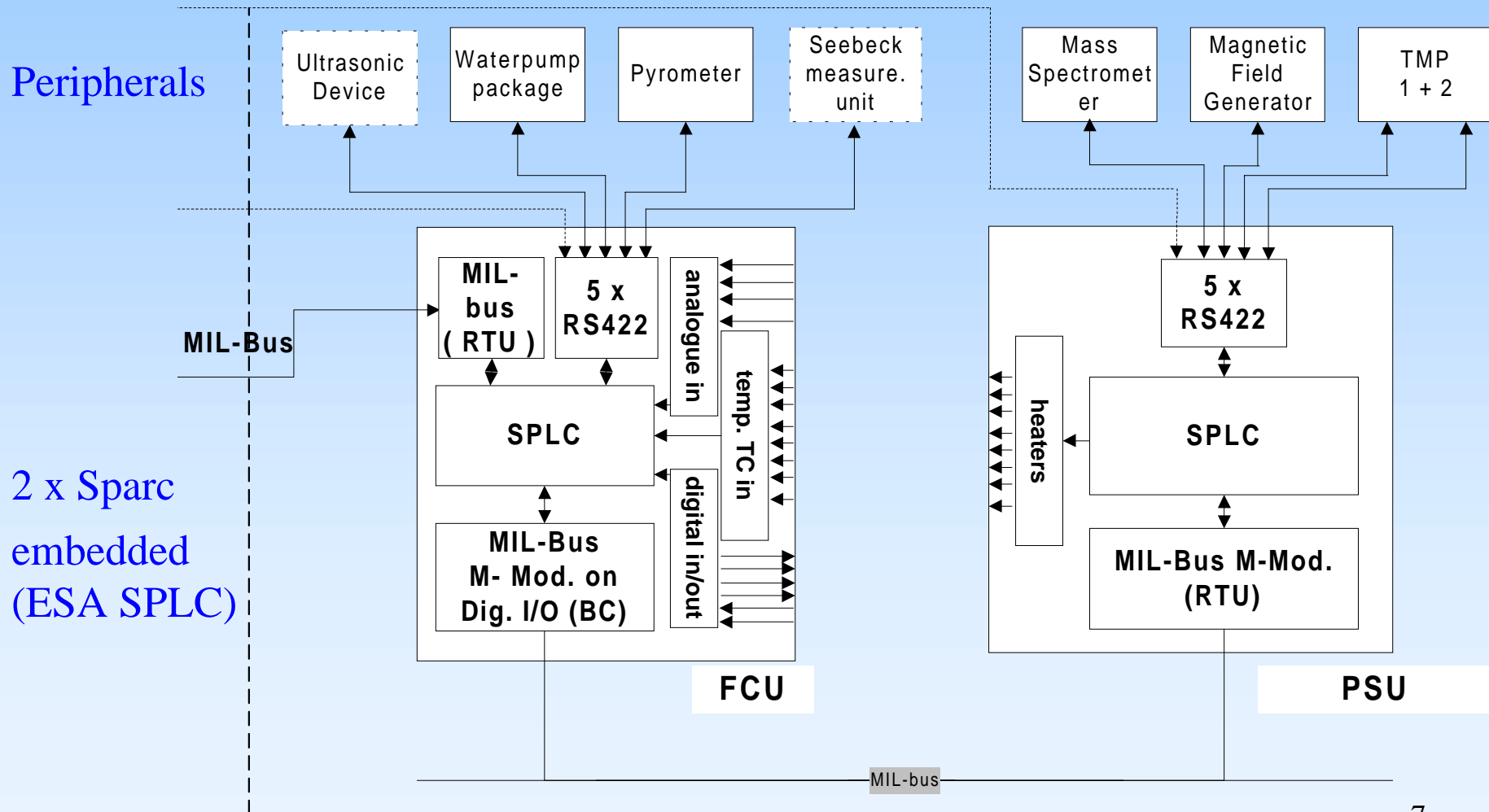
N.E.Fenton, 2000

■ Automated Software Production and Test (ASaP)

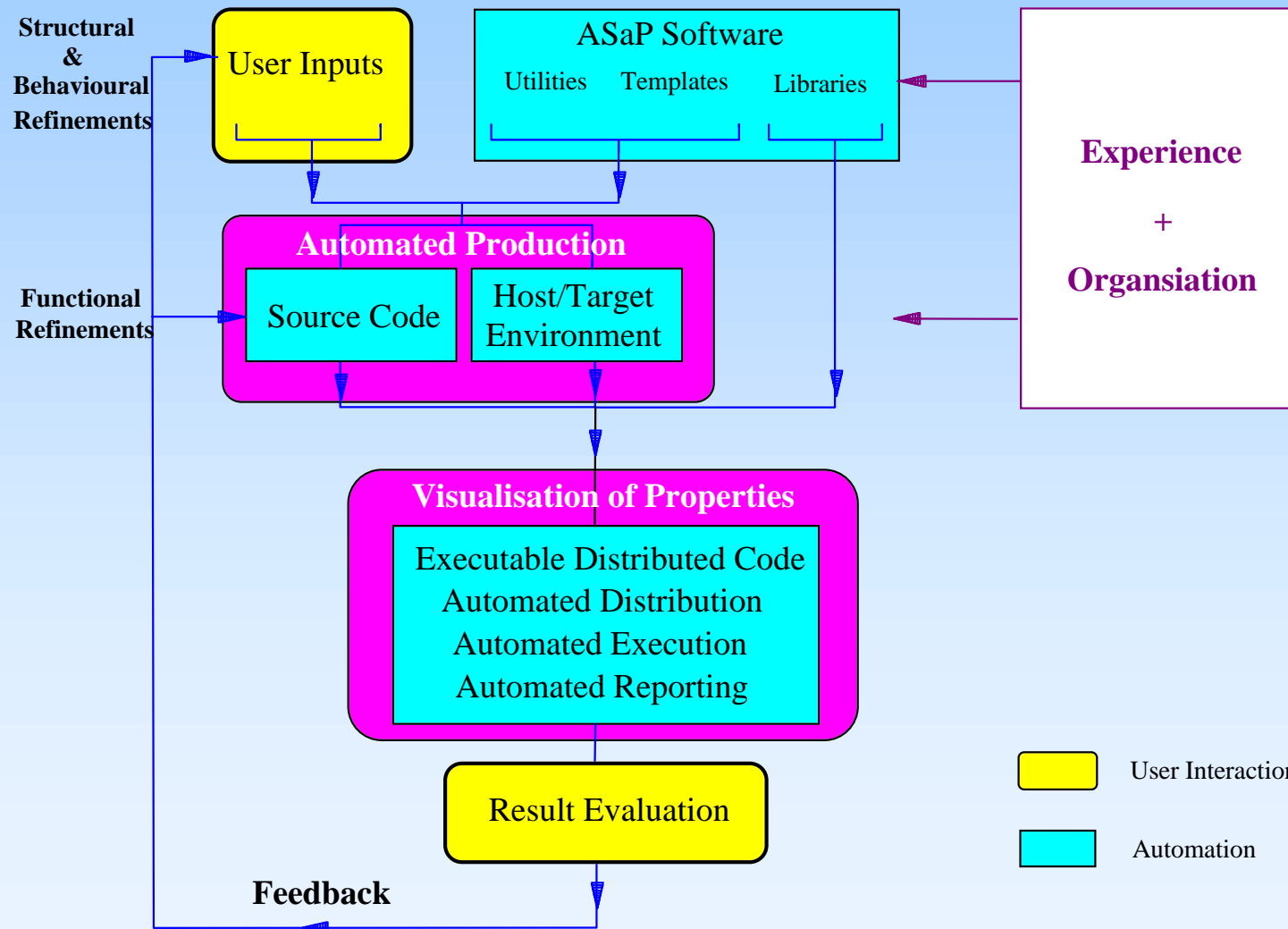
- Productivity
 - 1 PC-hour 16,000 .. 320,000 LOC
 - 1 .. 20 man-years (my)
 - 1600 mh/my 10 LOC / mh
- Bug Rate $\approx 0 .. 10^{-5}$ / LOC

**Quality is not expensive
if a new technology is applied**

Example: Distributed Real-Time System (MSL / ISS)



Incremental Generic Development Cycle of ASaP



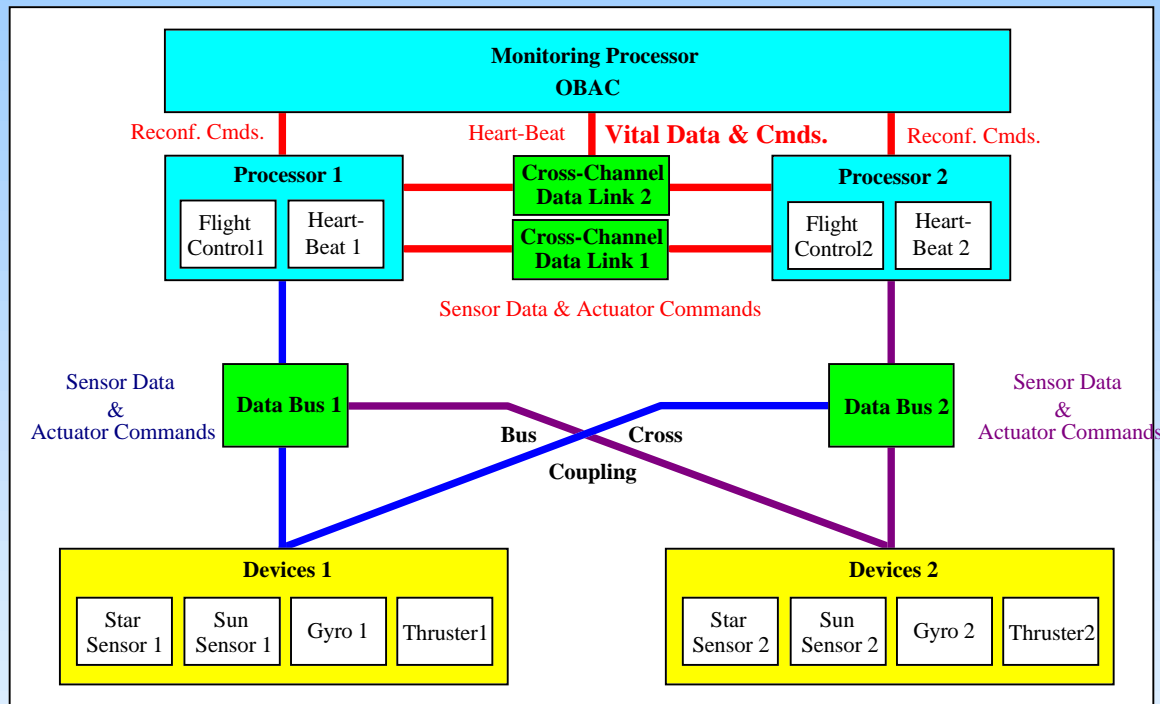
Benefits by ASaP

- flexibility for changes and refinements
 - generic approach
 - compact user inputs
- shorter development cycle
 - short generation time
 - incremental refinements
- higher dependability
 - fault prevention by intensive checks of user inputs
 - fault identification by built-in assertions and visualisation
 - fault tolerance by coverage of exceptions, built-in mechanisms
- higher usability
 - fast feedback from real system
 - little effort to optimise the user interface

Potential Application Areas in Automotive Industry

- **Vehicle**
 - system management
 - subsystem / unit software
- **User Interface / Infotainment**
 - user operation
 - unit management
 - unit software
- **Vehicle Manufacturing**
 - automated verification of manually coded robot programs vs. CAD
 - automated generation of robot programs from CAD data
- **Project and Contractor Management**
 - integration of COTS and sub-contractor software
 - quality checks and evaluation of software

Fault-Tolerant Systems and Risks



ESA Project DDV
validation of the
exception handling
of a fault-tolerant system

Sporadic System Failure

- computer C1 fails
- computer C2 takes over control
- C1 issues an actuator command before it fails
- C2 does not get this information
- **C2 issues the same command**
- **!! the system fails !!**

Risk Reduction by Automation

- Can such problems be identified in advance?

- Answer by automated software production: YES
 - framework implies problem classification
 - less time needed for implementation,
more time available for system engineering
 - better visualisation of properties

Inputs in User Notation and Derived Output (MSL Database)

Name of Signal	Data Type	Input Range	Physical Range	Acqui. Rate	HW Module	Calibration Type
CFDdrive_pot	REAL32	0 - 10V	0 - 200 mm	100	ASM F1	FctASM1_Std
CFDrot_pot1	REAL32	0 - 10V	0 - 360 °	100	ASM F1	FctASM1_Std
CFDrot_pot2	REAL32	0 - 10V	0 - 360 °	100	ASM F1	FctASM1_Std
CF_reg_v_pot	REAL32	0 - 10V	0 - 270 °	10	ASM F1	FctASM1_Std
GS_press_low	REAL32	0 - 10 V	0 - 2 bar abs.	10	ASM F1	FctASM1_Std
CFVpenn_chamb	REAL32	0 - 10 V	1.e-7 - 1000 mbar	1	ASM F1	FctASM1_Pressure
VGSpenning_ms	REAL32	0 - 10 V	1.e-7 - 1000 mbar	1	ASM F1	FctASM1_Pressure

```
T_database_entry MSL_db_desc[]={
    {
        /* address in DB */          (int*)&MSL_db.LRT_HK_A1.CFDdrive_pot,
        /* offset in DB */          (int)CFDdrive_potDBoff,
        /* #samples */              100,
        /* size of data type */     sizeof(REAL32),
        /* id of type */            7,
        /* copy DB data */         0,
        /* calibration function */   {(int*)FctASM1_Std_CFDdrive_pot,
        /* supervision structure */   {
        /* SV function */            (int*)&limChckREAL32,
        /* limit definitions */      CFDdrive_pot_suarr,
        }
        },
        /* post-processing function */ {(int*)NULL}
    },
}
```

More Derived Files (Subset Only)

```

REAL32 FctASM1_Std_CFDdrive_pot(UINT16 Data)
{
    REAL32 buffer;
    INT32 value;

    /* ADC correction (including amplifier correction) */
    buffer = (Data - ADCCorrASM1[0][0].Offset) * ADCCorrASM1[0][0].Gain;

    /* conversion to physical units */
    value = (REAL32) ((REAL32)0) + ((REAL32) 200 - (REAL32) ((REAL32)0)) /
        ( (REAL32) ((1<<12) - 1) ) * buffer;
    return value;
}

```

```

#include "frametypesDB.h"

/* MSL database */
TyDatabase MSL_db;

/* Recording of database updates */
int updateDBCnt=0;
int DBupdate[TOT_DATABASE_ITEMS];

/* # of instances of telemetry frames */
#define TM_BUFF_INST 2

```

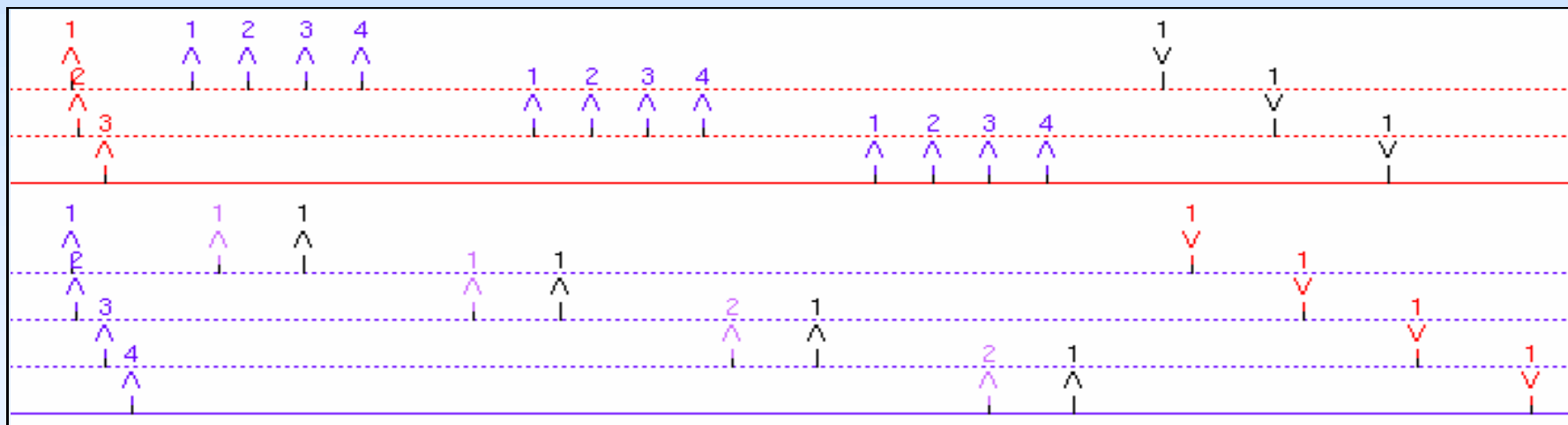
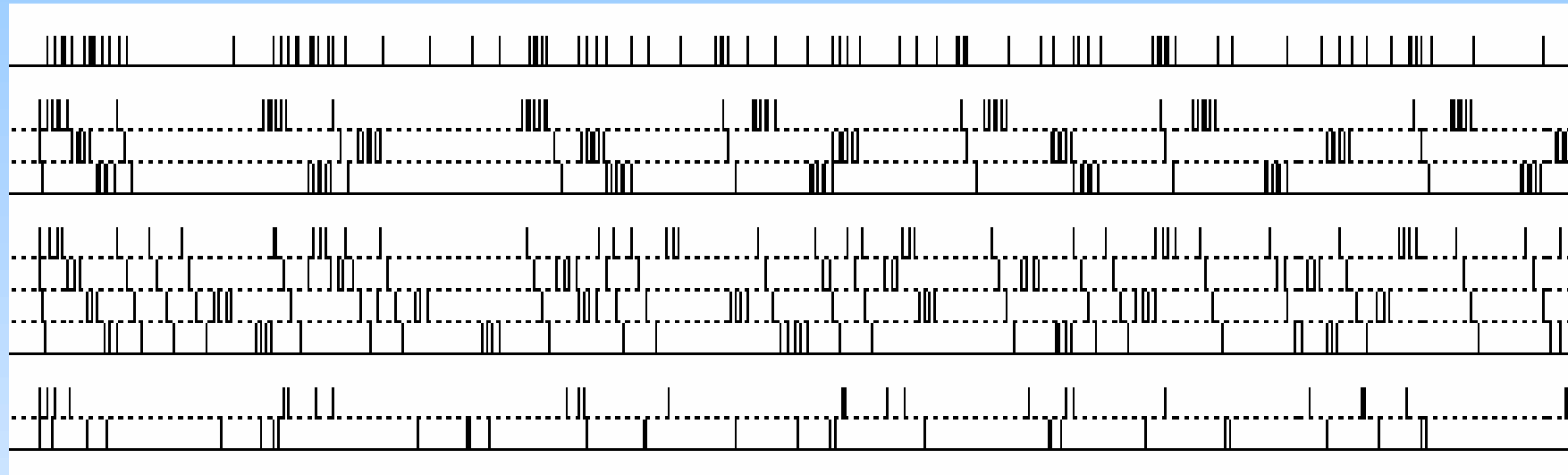
```

int LRT_HS_framePtr=0;
int LRT_HS_frameInd=0;
TyTMbuffer_LRT_HS LRT_HSArr[TM_BUFF_INST];

/* Array pointing to TM frame instances */
TyTMbufferArr TMbufferArr[]=
{
    {LRT_HK_A1_ID,      (int*)&LRT_HK_A1Arr},
    {LRT_HK_D1_ID,      (int*)&LRT_HK_D1Arr},
    {LRT_HK_D2_ID,      (int*)&LRT_HK_D2Arr},
    {LRT_HS_ID,         (int*)&LRT_HSArr}
};
#define TM_BUFFER_ARR_SIZE
    sizeof(TMbufferArr)/sizeof(TyTMbufferArr)

```

Visualisation of Properties: Timing and Communication



Reports available after 15 minutes starting by delivery of user's spreadsheet inputs ¹⁵

Achievements

- distributed real-time system
 - within 30 minutes equivalent of about 5 man-years (my)
 - 80,000 LOC (environment: 200,000 LOC)
- distributed, synchronised database
 - within 30 minutes equivalent of about 1 my
 - 16,000 LOC and more
- operations on data types, interfaces etc.
 - within 1 minute equivalent of about 2 my

We give warranty!

**"accepted user inputs are
automatically transformed into
correct and immediately executable software
when applying an automated production process
established by us"**

How and Where Can ASaP be Applied?

- Use of existing products
 - distributed critical real-time and control systems
 - data processing, distributed databases, GUIs
 - test case generation
 - integration and subcontractor management
 - user support possible

- Customised ASaP approach
 - know-how transfer
 - definition of an appropriate approach
 - building of the needed environment

Customising ASaP



- Analysis of current manual procedures
 - similar to „REFA“ in case of hardware
 - identification of the most generic approach
maximum coverage of application area
- Definition of the user interface
 - identification of driving parameters
minimum set of user inputs
 - re-use of current environment (if any)
building of an interface to the user's world
- continuous optimisation of ASaP procedures
 - provision of analysis tools
 - continuous benchmarking to check productivity and quality
 - continuous process improvement

This was a very short introduction, but ...
we are available today

- for further discussions
- to show more details
- to give a demo on

„Instantaneous System and Software Generation“ (ISG)

15 minutes from user's spreadsheet inputs to reports

- **10 minutes generation time**
- **3 minutes system execution**
- **2 minutes report generation**